A Chronology of Church History from the Perspective of the Expansion of Christianity

Earliest dates must all be considered "approximate."

An earlier edition of this time line was used in Wikipedia and other internet sites.

- 30 Pentecost and birth of the Christian church
- 34 Church scattered by persecution; In Gaza, Philip baptizes a convert, an Ethiopian who was already a Jewish proselyte.
- 39 Peter preaches to the Gentiles
- 42 Mark goes to Egypt
- 49 Jerusalem Council on admitting Gentiles into the Church 48 Paul (formerly known as Saul of Tarsus) begins his first missionary journey to modern-day Turkey.
- 51 Paul begins his second missionary journey, a trip that will take him through Turkey and on into modern-day Greece.
- 52 Apostle Thomas arrives in India and founds church that subsequently becomes Indian Orthodox Church (and its various descendants).
- 54 Paul begins his third missionary journey
- 60 Paul journeys to Rome.
- 66 -Thaddeus establishes the Christian church of Armenia
- 72 Traditional date of the Apostle Thomas' martyrdom in India
- 100 First Christians are reported in Monaco, Algeria, and Sri Lanka
- 112 Traditional date of martyrdom of Sharbil, Babai, and Barsamy in Edessa, Mesopotamia
- 117 Emperor Hadrian executes thousands of soldiers who had converted to Christianity
- 166 Bishop Soter writes that the number of Christians has surpassed the Jews
- 174 First Christians reported in Austria
- 180 Pantaenus preaches in India
- 196 Bar Daisan writes of Christians among the Parthians, Bactrians (Kushans), and other peoples in the Persian Empire
- 197 Tertullian writes that Christianity had penetrated all ranks of society in North Africa
- 200 First Christians are reported in Switzerland and Belgium
- 206 Abgar, King of Edessa, embraces the Christian faith
- 208 Tertullian writes that Christ has followers on the far side of the Roman wall in Britain where Roman legions have not yet penetrated
- 250 Denis (or Denys or Dionysius) is sent from Rome along with six other missionaries to establish the church in Paris
- 280 First rural churches emerge in northern Italy; Christianity is no longer exclusively in urban areas
- 287 Maurice from Egypt is killed at Agauno, Switzerland for refusing to sacrifice to pagan divinities
- 295 Dudi (David) of Basra evangelizes in India
- 300 First Christians reported in Greater Khorasan; an estimated 10% of the world's population is now Christian; the Bible is available in 10 different languages
- 304 Armenia accepts Christianity as state religion
- 306 The first bishop of Nisibis is ordained
- 314 Tiridates I of Armenia converted by Gregory the Illuminator
- 327 Emperor Constantine baptized shortly before his death
- 328 Frumentius takes gospel to Ethiopia
- 333 Ethiopian King Ezana of Axum makes Christianity an official religion
- 334 The first bishop is ordained for Merv in Transoxiana
- 340 Ulfilas begins work with the Goths in present-day Romania
- 350 Two young Christians, shipwrecked in the Red Sea, are taken as slaves to Ethiopia to serve in the royal court. Given freedom to preach the gospel, their witness gives birth to the Coptic Church.

- 354 Theophilus "the Indian" reports visiting Christians in India; Philostorgius mentions a community of Christians on the Socotra islands, south of Yemen in the Arabian Sea
- 364 Conversion of Vandals to Christianity during the reign of Emperor Valens
- 370 Ulfilas translates the Bible into Visigothic, the first Bible translation done specifically for missionary purposes
- 381 Roman Emperor Theodosius I makes Christianity the official state religion
- 382 Jerome is commissioned to translate the Bible into Latin
- 386 Augustine of Hippo converted
- 390 Nestorian missionary Abdyeshu builds a monastery on the island of Bahrain
- 397 Ninian evangelizes the Southern Picts of Scotland
- 410 New Testament translated into Armenian
- 420 An Arabian Bedouin tribe is converted under sheik Peter-Aspebet
- 425 The first bishops are ordained for Herat (Afghanistan) and Samarkand (Uzbekistan)
- 432 Patrick goes to Ireland as missionary
- 496 Conversion of Clovis I, king of Franks in Gaul, along with 3,000 warriors
- 500 First Christians reported in North Yemen
- 508 Philoxenus of Mabug begins translation of the Bible into Syriac
- 528 Benedict of Nursia destroys pagan temple at Monte Cassino (Italy) and builds a monastery
- 535 The Hephthalite Huns nomads living in northern China, Central Asia, and northern India who were also known as the White Huns are taught to read and write by Nestorian missionaries.
- 542 Julian (or Julianus) from Constantinople begins evangelizing Nubia accompanied by an Egyptian named Theodore
- 563 Columba sails from Ireland to Scotland where he founds an evangelistic training center on Iona.
- 565 The first report of a Loch Ness monster after the Irish missionary Columba visits the Loch. Columba described an
 animal that broke the surface of the 800 foot-deep loch with a loud roar and an open mouth
- 569 Longinus, Bishop of Nobatia, evangelizes Alodia (in what is now Sudan)
- 578 Conversion to Christianity of An-numan III, last of Lachemids (Arab princes)
- 592 Death of Irish missionary Moluag (Old Irish Mo-Luóc)
- 596 Gregory the Great sends Augustine and a team of missionaries to (what is now) England to reintroduce the gospel. The missionaries settle in Canterbury and within a year baptize 10,000 people
- 600 First Christian settlers in Andorra (southwestern Europe, between France and Spain)
- 629 Amandus of Elnon is consecrated a missionary bishop. He evangelized the region around Ghent and went on missions to Slavs along the Danube and to Basques in Navarre
- 631 Conversion of the East Angles (one of the seven kingdoms of the Anglo-Saxon Heptarchy)
- 635 First Christian missionaries (Nestorian monks, including Alopen, from Asia Minor and Persia) arrive in China; Aidan of Lindisfarne begins evangelizing in the heart of Northumbria (England)
- 637 Lombards, a German people living in northern Italy, become Christians
- 638 A church building is erected in Ch'ang-an, then perhaps the largest city in the world
- 650 First church organized in Netherlands
- 673 Irish monk Maol Rubha founds a training center at Aprochrosan that would serve as a base for missionary outreach into Scotland
- 680 First translation of Christian Scriptures into Arabic
- 689 Pagans kill Irish missionary Kilian near Würzburg in what is now Germany. His remains will be buried in a Benedictine abbey in Würzburg.
- 692 Willibrord and 11 companions cross the North Sea to become missionaries to the Frisians (modern day Netherlands)
- 697 Muslims overrun Carthage, capital of North Africa
- 720 Caliph Umar II puts heavy pressure on the Christian Berbers to convert to Islam
- 722 Boniface goes to Germanic tribes
- 724 Boniface fells pagan sacred oak of Thor at Geismar in Hesse (Germany)
- 740 Irish monks reach Iceland
- 781 Nestorian Stele erected near Xi'an (China) to commemorate the propagation in China of the Luminous Religion, thus providing a written record of a Christian presence in China
- 787 Liudger begins missionary work among the pagans near the mouth of the Ems river (in modern day Germany)

- 822 Mojmír I of Great Moravia, converts to Christianity
- 826 Ansgar from France is sent by Roman papal authority to Denmark as a royal chaplain and missionary
- 828 First Christian church in present-day Slovakia built in Nitra
- 828 First missionaries reach the area that is now the Czech Republic
- 830 Scotch-born Erluph is evangelizing in (what is now) Germany when he is killed by the Vandals.
- 859 Execution of Eulogius, proponent of confrontational Christian witness in Muslim societies. Opposed to any feeling of affinity with Muslim culture, Eulogius advocated using a missiology of martyrdom to confront Islam.
- 863 Cyril and Methodius are invited by Rastislav to evangelize in Great Moravia and the Balaton Principality
- 864 Conversion of Prince Boris of Bulgaria
- 867 The Serbian and Montenegrin peoples embrace Christianity
- 878 Last definite reference to Christians in China before the Mongol era
- 880 First Slavic archbishopric established in Great Moravia with Methodius as its head
- 900 Missionaries reach Norway
- 912 The Normans become Christian
- 948 The leader of the Magyars converts to Christianity
- 957 Princess Olga of Kiev baptized
- 965 Harold I of Denmark converts to Christianity and smooths the way for the acceptance of Christian faith by the Danish people
- 981 Nestorian monks visiting China find no traces of Christian community left
- 988 Baptism of Kievan Rus' under Vladimir I
- 997 Adalbert of Prague dies as a martyr in Prussia
- 1000 Leif the Lucky evangelizes Greenland
- 1008 Sigfrid (or Sigurd), English missionary, baptizes King Olof of Sweden
- 1009 Bruno of Querfurt is beheaded in Prussia where he had gone as a missionary
- 1015 Russia is said to have been "comprehensively" converted to the Orthodox faith
- 1017 The Danish king Canute converts to Christianity
- 1099 Crusaders capture Jerusalem and massacre 70,000 Muslims as well as Jews
- 1200 The Bible is now available in 22 different languages
- 1219 Francis of Assisi presents the Gospel to the Sultan of Egypt
- 1220 Dominican Order established
- 1223 Franciscan Order established
- 1251 King Mindaugas of Lithuania baptized
- 1252 Franciscan William of Rubruck begins his journey to the Mongols
- 1266 Mongol leader Khan sends Marco Polo's father and uncle, Niccolo and Matteo Polo, back to Europe with a
 request to the Pope to send 100 Christian missionaries (only two responded and they turned back before reaching
 Mongol territory)
- 1276 Ramon Llull opens training center to send missionaries to North Africa
- 1289 Franciscan friars begin mission work in China
- 1294 Franciscan Giovanni di Monte Corvino goes to China
- 1303 Arnold von Koln arrives in China to assist Giovanni di Monte Corvino
- 1321 Jordanus, a Dominican monk, arrives in India as the first resident Roman Catholic missionary
- 1322 Odoric of Pordenone, a Franciscan monk from Italy, arrives in China
- 1323 Franciscans make contacts on Sumatra, Java, and Borneo
- 1326 Changatid Khan Ilchigedai grants permission for a church to be built in Samarkand, Uzbekistan
- 1329 Nicea falls to Muslim Ottoman Turks
- 1368 Collapse of the Franciscan mission in China as Ming Dynasty abolishes Christianity
- 1379 Stephen of Prem travels north toward the White Sea and settles as a missionary among the Finno-Ugric speaking Komi peoples living between Pechora and Vychegda Rivers at Ust-Vim
- 1382 Bible translated into English from Latin by John Wycliff
- 1386 Jagiello, king of the Lithuanians, is baptized
- 1410 Bible is translated into Hungarian
- 1435 Forced conversion of Jews in Spain

- 1448 First Christians reported in Mauritania
- 1453 Constantinople falls to the Muslim Ottoman Turks who make it their capital
- 1462 Johannes Gutenberg begins printing the Bible with his movable-type printing process; Pope Pius II assigns the evangelization of the Portuguese Guinea Coast of Africa to the Franciscans led by Alfonso de Bolano
- 1485 After having come into contact with the Portuguese, the King of Benin requests that a church be planted in his kingdom
- 1486 Dominicans become active in West Africa, notably among the Wolof people in Senegambia.
- 1489 Baptism of Wolof king Behemoi in Senegal
- 1491 The Congo sees its first group of missionaries arrive. Under the ministry of these Franciscan and Dominican priests, the king would soon be baptized and a church built at the royal capital.
- 1492 Birth of the church in Angola
- 1493 Christopher Columbus takes Christian priests with him on his second journey to the New World
- 1494 First missionaries arrive in Dominican Republic
- 1495 The head of a convent in Seville, Spain, Mercedarian Jorge, makes a trip to the West Indies.
- 1496 First Christian baptisms in the New World take place when Indian chief Guaticaba along with other members of his household are baptized on the island of Hispaniola
- 1497 Forced conversion of Jews in Portugal
- 1498 First Christians are reported in Kenya
- 1499 Portuguese Augustinian missionaries arrive at Zanzibar. Their mission will end in 1698 due to the Oman-Arab conquest.
- 1500 Franciscans enter Brazil with Cabral
- 1501 Pope Alexander VI grants to the crown of Spain all the newly-discovered countries in the Americas, on condition that provision be made for the religious instruction of the native populations
- 1502 Bartolome de Las Casas, who will later become an ardent defender of the indigenous peoples of the Americas, goes to Cuba. For his military services there he will be given an encomienda, an estate that included the services of the Indians living on it.
- 1503 Mar Elijah, Patriarch of the East Syrian church, sends three missionaries "to the islands of the sea which are inside Java and to China."
- 1506 Mission work begun in Mozambique
- 1510 Dominicans begin work in Haiti
- 1515 Portuguese missionary Francisco Álvares is sent on a diplomatic mission to Dawit II, the Negus or Emperor of Abyssinia (an old name for Ethiopia)
- 1516 Three Franciscans are killed by cannibals in northeastern South America, in the area of Colombia and Venezuela
- 1517 The Mughal Rulers of Delhi opened the door of Bengal to Christian missionaries
- 1518 Don Henrique, son of the king of the Congo, is consecrated by Pope Leo X as the first indigenous bishop from Black Africa
- 1519 Two Franciscans accompany Hernán Cortés in his expedition to Mexico
- 1520 German missionary Maximilian Uhland, also known as Bernardino de San Jose, goes to Hispaniola with the newly appointed Bishop Geraldini.
- 1521 Pope Leo X grants Franciscan Francis Quiñones permission and faculties to go as a missionary to the New World together with Juan Clapión
- 1522 Portuguese missionaries establish presence on coast of Sri Lanka and begin moving inland with Portuguese military units
- 1523 Martin Luther writes a missionary hymn based on Psalm 67. Titled "May God Bestow on Us His Grace," it has been called "the first missionary hymn of Protestantism."
- 1524 Martin de Valencia goes to New Spain with 12 Franciscan friars
- 1525 Italian Franciscan missionary Giulio Zarco is sent to Michoacán on the western coast of Mexico where he will become very proficient in Indian languages
- 1526 Franciscans enter Florida; Twelve Dominican friars arrive in the Mexican capital
- 1527 Missionary Conference of Augsburg -- Organized by the Anabaptists, it is the first-ever Protestant missionary conference
- 1528 Franciscan missionary Juan de Padilla arrives in Mexico. He will accompany Coronado's expedition searching for the Seven Cities and eventually settle among the Quivira (now called the Wichita)

- 1529 Franciscan Peter of Ghent writes from Latin America that he and a colleague had baptized
- 14,000 people on one day.
- 1530 In his On Translating: An Open Letter, Martin Luther lays out some principles of correct Bible translating
- 1531 Franciscan Juan de Padilla begins a series of missionary tours among Indian tribes southeast of Mexico City.
- 1532 Evangelization of Peru begins when missionaries arrive with Francisco Pizzaro's military expedition
- 1533 First Christian missionaries arrive in Tonkin, Vietnam
- 1534 The entire caste of Paravas on the Coromandel Coast are baptized -- perhaps 10,000 people in all
- 1535 German Franciscan missionary Maximilian Uhland (also called Bernardino de San Jose) speaks before the Sacred Congregation of the Propagation of the Faith about the wretched condition of Indians in the New World
- 1536 Northern Italian Anabaptist missionary Hans Oberecker (also spelled Overacker and Overakker) is burned at the stake in Vienna, Austria
- 1537 Pope Paul III orders that the Indians of the New World be brought to Christ "by the preaching of the divine word, and with the example of the good life."
- 1538 Franciscans enter Paraguay
- 1539 The Pueblos of what is now the U.S. Southwest are encountered by Spanish Franciscan missionary Marcos de Niza
- 1540 Franciscans arrive in Trinidad and are killed by cannibals
- 1541 Franciscans begin establishing missions in California
- 1542 Francis Xavier goes to Portuguese colony of Goa in South India; Franciscans reach what is now New Mexico
- 1543 Anabaptist Menno Simons goes as a missionary from the Netherlands to Germany
- 1544 Franciscan Andrés de Olmos, a veteran missionary in Mexico, struck northward into the Texas wilderness. After gathering a group of Indian converts, he will lead them back into Tamaulipas
- 1546 Francis Xavier travels to the Indonesian islands of Morotai, Ambon, and Ternate
- 1547 Wealthy Spaniard Juan Fernandez becomes a Jesuit. He will wind up in Japan as a missionary.
- 1548 Francis Xavier founds the College of the Holy Name of God in Baçaim on the northwest coast of India
- 1549 Dominican Luis Cancer, who had worked among the Mayans of Guatemala and Mexico, lands at Tampa Bay,
 Florida with two companions. They are immediately killed by the Calusa within sight of the ship from which they had
 disembarked.
- 1550 Printed Bibles are available in 28 languages
- 1551 Dominican Jerome de Loaysa founds the National University of San Marcos in Lima (Peru) as well as a hospital for the Indians
- 1552 Founder of Jesuits, Spanish missionary Francis Xavier, dies awaiting admission to China
- 1553 Portuguese missionaries build a church in Malacca Town, Malaysia
- 1554 1,500 converts to Christianity are reported in Siam (now called Thailand)
- 1555 John Calvin sends Huguenots to Brazil
- 1556 Dominican Gaspar da Cruz arrives in Guangzhou, China
- 1557 Jesuits arrive in Ethiopia
- 1558 The Kabardian duke Saltan Idarov converts to Orthodox Christianity
- 1559 Missionary Vilela settles in Kyoto, Japan
- 1560 Goncalo da Silveira, a Portuguese Jesuit missionary, visited the Munhumutapa Empire, where he quickly made converts
- 1562 Diego de Landa burns the libraries of the Maya civilization
- 1563 Jesuit missionary Luis Frois, who will later write a history of Jesuit activity in Japan, arrives in that country;
 Omura Sumitada becomes the first daimyo (feudal landholder) to convert to Christianity
- 1564 Legaspi begins Augustinian work in Philippine Islands
- 1565 Jesuits arrive in Macau.
- 1566 The first Jesuit to enter what is now the United States, Pedro Martinez, is clubbed to death by fearful Indians on the sands of Fort George Island, Florida
- 1567 Missionaries Jeronimo da Cruz and Sebastiao da Canto, both Dominicans, arrive at Ayutthia, Thailand
- 1568 In the Philippines, Diego de Herrera baptizes Chieftain Tupas of Cebu and his son
- 1569 Jeronimo da Cruz is murdered along with two newly-arrived missionaries
- 1570 Ignacio Azevedo and 39 other Jesuit missionaries are killed by pirates near Palma, one of the Canary Islands, while on their way to Brazil

- 1571 Capuchin friars of the 'Strict Observance' arrive on the island of Trinidad with conquistador Don Juan Ponce of Seville.
- 1572 Jesuits arrive in Mexico
- 1573 Large-scale evangelization of the Florida Indian nations and tribes begins with the arrival of Franciscan friars
- 1574 Augustinian Guillermo de Santa Maria writes a treatise on the illegitimacy of the war the Spanish government was waging against the Chichimeca in the Mexican state of Michoacán
- 1575 Church building constructed in Kyoto. Built in Japanese architectural style, it was popularly called the "temple of the South Barbarians."
- 1576 Jesuit missionaries enter the land of the Bengalis following Portuguese explorations
- 1577 Dominicans enter Mozambique and penetrate inland, burning Muslim mosques as they go
- 1578 King of Spain orders the bishop of Lima not to confer Holy Orders on mestizos
- 1579 Jesuit Alessandro Valignano arrives in Japan where, as "Visitor of Missions," he formulates a basic strategy for
 Catholic proselytism in that country. Valignano's adaptationism attempted to avoid cultural frictions by covering the
 gap between certain Japanese customs and Roman Catholic values.
- 1580 Japanese Daimyo (feudal landholder) Arima Harunobu becomes Christian and takes the name Protasio
- 1581 Luis de Valdivia becomes a Jesuit. After finishing his studies, he will be sent to Peru
- 1582 Jesuits begin mission work in China, introduce Western science, mathematics, astronomy
- 1583 Five Jesuit missionaries -- Rudolph Acquaviva, Peter Berno, Francis Aranha, Alphonsus Pacheco and Anthony Francisco -- are murdered near Goa (India)
- 1584 Matteo Ricci and a Chinese scholar translate a catechism into Chinese under the title T'ien-chu sheng-chiao shih-lu (A True Account of God and the Sacred Religion)
- 1585 Carmelite leader Jerome Gracian meets with Martin Ignatius de Loyola, a Franciscan missionary from China. The two sign a vinculo de hermandad misionera -- a bond of missionary brotherhood -- by which the two orders would collaborate in missionary work in Ethiopia, China, the Philippines, and the East and West Indies.
- 1586 Portuguese missionary Joao dos Santos reports that locals kill elephants to protect their crops in Sofala, Mozambique.
- 1587 All foreigners ordered out of Japan; Manteo becomes the first American Indian to be baptized by the Church of England
- 1588 A Dominican missionary arrives in the Philippines
- 1589 Francis Solano goes to Peru as a missionary
- 1590 A book by Belgian pastor Hadrian Saravia has a chapter arguing that the Great Commission is still binding on the church today because the Apostles did not fulfill it completely
- 1591 First Roman Catholic church built in Trinidad; First Chinese admitted as members of the Jesuit order
- 1593 The Franciscans arrive in Japan and establish St. Anna's hospital in Kyoto
- 1594 First Jesuit missionaries arrive in Pakistan
- 1595 Dutch East India Company chaplains expand their ministry beyond the European expatriates
- 1596 Jesuit missionaries travel across the island of Samar in the Philippines to establish mission centers on the eastern side
- 1597 Twenty-six Japanese Christians are crucified for their faith by General Toyotomi Hideyoshi in Nagasaki, Japan. By 1640, thousands of Japanese Christians will have been martyred.
- 1598 Spanish missionaries push north from Mexico into what is now the state of New Mexico
- 1599 Jesuit Francisco Fernandez goes to what is now the Jessore District of Bangladesh and, with the permission of King Pratapaditya, builds a church there
- 1600 French missionaries arrive in the area of what is now Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan
- 1601 Matteo Ricci goes to China; First ordination of Japanese priests
- 1602 Chinese scientist and translator Xu Guangqi is baptized
- 1603 The Jesuit Mission Press in Japan commences publication of a Japanese- Portuguese dictionary
- 1604 Jesuit missionary Abbè Jessè Flèchè arrives at Port Royal, Nova Scotia
- 1605 Roberto de Nobili goes to India
- 1606 Japanese Shogun Tokugawa Ieyasu bans Christianity
- 1607 Missionary Juan Fonte establishes the first Jesuit mission among the Tarahumara in the Sierra Madre Mountains of Northwest Mexico
- 1608 A missionary expedition into the Ceará area of Brazil fails when the Tacariju kill the Jesuit leader

- 1609 Missionary Nicolas Trigault goes to China
- 1610 Chinese mathematician and astronomer Li Zhizao is baptized
- 1611 Two Jesuits begin work among Mi'kmaq Indians of Nova Scotia
- 1612 Jesuits found a mission for the Abenakis in Maine
- 1613 Missionary Alvarus de Semedo goes to China
- 1614 Anti-Christian edicts issued in Japan
- 1615 French missionaries in Canada open schools in Trois-Rivieres and Tadoussac to teach Native American children with the hopes of converting them
- 1616 Nanjing Missionary Case in which the clash between Chinese practice of ancestor worship and Catholic
 doctrine ends in the deportation of foreign missionaries. Missionary Johann Adam Schall von Bell arrives in China
- 1617 Portuguese missionary Francisco de Pina arrives in Vietnam
- 1618 Portuguese Carmelites go from Persia to Pakistan to establish a church in Thatta (near Karachi)
- 1619 Dominican missionaries found the University of St. Tomas in the Philippine islands
- 1620 Carmelites enter Goa
- 1621 The Augustinians establish themselves in Chittagong
- 1622 Pope Gregory VI founds the Sacred Congregation for the Propagation of the Faith
- 1623 A team of workers digging near an ancient Christian church and monastery in Ch'ang-ngan (Si-ngan-fu), China unearth an ancient stone monument over 9 feet tall, 33 inches wide, and 10 inches thick. The text, in both Chinese characters and Persian script, begins with the words, "Let us praise the Lord that the [Christian] faith has been popular in China." The inscription had been written by Ching (Adam), a Syrian monk in AD 781. It told of the arrival of a missionary, A-lo-pen (Abraham), in AD 625. He had arrived "bearing the sacred books, braving difficulties and dangers." Christianity was described as "The Illustrious Religion," and the text included a doctrinal overview and a list of Christian worship practices and ethics. It also mentioned a succession of Emperors who were greatly supportive of the Church, and the names of 67 priests in both Persian and Chinese.
- 1624 Persecution intensifies in Japan with 50 Christians being burned alive in Edo (now called Tokyo)
- 1625 Vietnam expels missionaries
- 1626 After entering Japan in disguise, Jesuit missionary Francis Pacheco is captured and executed at Nagasaki
- 1627 Alexander de Rhodes goes to Vietnam where in three years of ministry he baptizes 6,700 converts
- 1628 Congregation for the Evangelization of Peoples established in Rome to train "native clergy" from all over the world
- 1629 Franciscan missionary Benavides founds Santa Clara de Capo on the border of Apache Indian country in what is now New Mexico
- 1630 An attempt is made in the El Paso, Texas area to establish a mission among the Mansos Indians
- 1631 Dutch missionary Abraham Roger, who authored Open Door to the Hidden Heathendom, begins 10 years of ministry among the Tamil people in the Dutch colony of Pulicat near Madras, India
- 1632 Zuni Indians murder a group of Franciscan missionaries who had three years earlier established the first mission to the Zunis at Hawikuh in what is now New Mexico
- 1633 German Lutheran Church sends Peter Heyling as first Protestant missionary to Ethiopia
- 1634 Jesuit missionary Jean de Brèbeuf travels to the Petun nation (in Canada) and baptizes a
- 40 year old man.
- 1635 An expedition of Franciscans leaves Quito, Ecuador, to try to penetrate into Amazonia from the west. Though most of them will be killed along the way, a few will manage to arrive two years later on the Atlantic coast.
- 1636 The Dominicans of Manila (the Philippines) organize a missionary expedition to Japan. They are arrested on one of the Okinawa islands and will be eventually condemned to death by the tribunal of Nagasaki.
- 1637 When smallpox kills thousands of Native Americans, tribal medicine men blame European missionaries for the disaster
- 1638 Official ban of Christianity in Japan with death penalty; Influential Puritan Richard Sibbes writes The Fountain Opened in which he says that the gospel must continue its journey "til it have gone over the whole world."
- 1639 The first women to New France as missionaries -- three Ursuline Nuns -- board the "St. Joseph" and set sail for New France
- 1640 Jesuit missionaries arrive on the Caribbean island of Martinique
- 1641 Jesuit missionary Cristoval de Acuna describes the Amazon River in a written report to the king of Spain

- 1642 Catholic missionaries Isaac Jogues and Rene Goupil are captured by Mohawk Indians as they return to Huron country from Quebec. Goupil was tomahawked to death while Jogues will be held for a period of time as a slave. He used his slavery as an opportunity for missionary work
- 1643 John Campanius, Lutheran missionary to the Indians, arrives in America on the Delaware River; Reformed
 pastor Johannes Megapolensis begins outreach to Native Americans while pastoring at Albany, New York
- 1644 John Eliot begins ministry to Algonquin Indians in North America
- 1645 After thirty years of work in Vietnam, the Jesuits are expelled from that country
- 1646 After being accused of being a sorcerer, Jesuit missionary Isaac Jogues is killed by the Iroquois
- 1647 The Discalced Carmelites begin work on Madagascar
- 1648 Baptism of Helena and other members of the imperial Ming family
- 1649 Society for the Propagation of the Gospel In New England formed to reach the Indians of New England
- 1650 The destruction of Huronia by the Iroquois puts an end to the Jesuits' dream of making the Huron Indians the focal point of their evangelism
- 1651 Count Truchsess of Wetzhausen, prominent Lutheran layman, asks the theological faculty of Wittenberg why Lutherans are not sending out missionaries in obedience to the Great Commission
- 1652 Jesuit Antonio Vieira returns to Brazil as a missionary where he will champion the cause of exploited indigenous peoples until being expelled by Portuguese colonists
- 1653 A Mohawk war party captures Jesuit Joseph Poncet near Montreal. He is tortured and will be finally sent back with a message about peace overtures
- 1654 John Eliot publishes a catechism for American Indians
- 1655 Jinga, princess of Matamba in Angola is converted; later she will write to the Pope urging that more missionaries be sent
- 1656 First Quaker missionaries arrive in what is now Boston, Massachusetts
- 1657 Thomas Mayhew, Jr., is lost at sea during a voyage to England that was to combine an appeal for missionary funds with personal business
- 1658 After the flight of the French missionaries from his area, chief Daniel Garakonthie of the Onondaga Indians, examines the customs of the French colonists and the doctrines of the missionaries and openly begins protecting Christians in his part of what is now New York
- 1659 Jesuit Alexander de Rhodes establishes the Paris Foreign Missions Society
- 1660 Christianity is introduced into Cambodia
- 1661 George Fox, founder of the Religious Society of Friends (Quakers) sends 3 missionaries to China (although they never reached the field)
- 1662 French Jesuit missionary Julien Garnier sails for Canada
- 1663 John Eliot's translation of the Bible into one of the Algonquian languages is published (the New Testament came out two years earlier). This Bible was the first complete Bible to be printed in the New World
- 1664 Justinian Von Welz, author of three powerful pamphlets on the need for world missions, goes to Dutch Guinea (now called Surinam) where he dies after only three months
- 1665 Japanese feudal landholders (called Daimyo) were ordered to follow the shogunate's example and to appoint inquisitors to do a yearly scrutiny of Christians
- 1666 John Eliot publishes his The Indian Grammar, a book written to assist in conversion work among the Indians. Described as "some bones and ribs preparation for such a work," Eliot intended his Grammar for missionaries wishing to learn the dialect spoken by the Massachusett Indians.
- 1667 The first missionary to attempt to reach the Huaorani (or Aucas), Jesuit Pedro Suarez, is slain with spears
- 1668 In a letter from his post in Canada, French missionary Jacques Bruyas laments his ignorance of the Oneida language: "What can a man do who does not understand their language, and who is not understood when he speaks. As yet, I do nothing but stammer; nevertheless, in four months I have baptized 60 persons, among whom there are only four adults, baptized *in periculo mortis*. All the rest are little children."
- 1669 Eager to compete with the Jesuits for conversion of the Indian Nations on the western Great Lakes, Sulpilcian
 missionaries Dollier de Casson and Galinee set out from Montreal with twenty-seven men in seven canoes led by two
 canoes of Seneca Indians
- 1670 Jesuits establish missions on the Orinoco River in Venezuela
- 1671 Quaker missionaries arrive in the Carolinas

- 1672 A chieftain on Guam kills Jesuit missionary Diego Luis de San Vitores and his Visayan assistant, Pedro Calungsod, for having baptized the chief's daughter without his permission (some accounts do say the girl's mother consented to the baptism)
- 1673 French trader Louis Jolliet and missionary Jacques Marquette visit what is now the state of Illinois, where the latter establishes a mission for Native Americans
- 1674 Vincentian mission to Madagascar collapses after 25 years of abortive effort
- 1675 An uprising on the islands of Micronesia leads to the death of three Christian missionaries
- 1676 Kateri Tekakwitha, who became known as the Lily of the Mohawks, is baptized by a Jesuit missionary. Her
 tribes-people will jeer and stone her for her new faith, and she will eventually go to a missionary settlement in
 Canada
- 1678 French missionaries Jean La Salle and Louis Hennepin discover Niagara Falls, that stupendous series of waterfalls on the Niagara River between Lake Ontario and Lake Erie
- 1679 Writing from Changzhou, newly arrived missionary Juan de Yrigoyen describes three Christian congregations flourishing in that Chinese city
- 1680 The Pueblo Revolt begins in New Mexico with the killing of twenty-one Franciscan missionaries
- 1681 After arriving in New Spain, Italian Jesuit Eusebio Kino soon becomes what one writer described as "the most picturesque missionary pioneer of all North America." A bundle of evangelistic zeal, Kino was also an explorer, astronomer, cartographer, mission builder, ranchman, cattle king, and defender of the frontier
- 1682 13 missionaries go to "remote cities" in East Siberia
- 1683 Missionary Louis Hennepin returns to France after exploring Minnesota and being held captive by the Dakota to write the first book about Minnesota, Description de la Louisiane
- 1684 Louis XIV of France sends Jesuit missionaries to China bearing gifts from the collections of the Louvre and the Palace of Versailles
- 1685 Consecration of first Catholic bishop of Chinese origin
- 1686 Russian Orthodox monks arrive in China as missionaries
- 1687 French activity begins in what is now Côte d'Ivoire when missionaries land at Assinie
- 1688 New Testament translated into the Malay language (the first Bible translation into a language of southeast Asia)
- 1689 Calusa Indian chief from what is the state of Florida visits Cuba requesting missionaries
- 1690 First Franciscan missionaries arrive in Texas
- 1691 Christian Faith Society for the West Indies organized
- 1692 Chinese Kangxi Emperor permits the Jesuits to freely preach the Christian message, converting whom they
 wish
- 1693 Jesuit missionary John de Britto is publicly beheaded in India
- 1694 Missionary and explorer Eusebio Kino becomes the first European to enter the Tucson, Arizona basin and create a lasting settlement
- 1695 China's first Russian Orthodox church building is consecrated
- 1696 Jesuit missionary François Pinet founds the Mission of the Guardian Angel near what is today Chicago, Illinois. The mission was abandoned in 1700 when missionary efforts seemed fruitless
- 1697 To evangelize the English colonies, Thomas Bray, an Anglican preacher who made several missionary trips to North America, begins laying the groundwork for what will be the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts
- 1698 Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge organized by Anglicans
- 1699 Priests of the Quebec Seminary of Foreign Missions establish a mission among the Tamaroa Indians at Cahokia in what is now the state of Illinois
- 1700 After a Swedish missionary's sermon to an Indian tribe in Pennsylvania, one Native American posed such searching questions that the episode was reported in a history of the Swedish church in America printed in 1731. The interchange later inspired Benjamin Franklin's Remarks Concerning the Savages of North America (1784), in which Franklin has an Indian reply to a sermon on original sin: "What you have told us ... is all very good. It is indeed bad to eat apples. It is better to make them all into cyder."
- 1701 Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts officially organized
- 1702 George Keith, Scotch Quaker, arrives in America as a missionary of the newly-organized Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts
- 1703 The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts expands to the West Indies

- 1704 French missionary priests arrive to evangelize the Chitimacha living along the Mississippi River in what is now
 the state of Louisiana
- 1705 Danish-Halle Mission to India begins with Bartholomew Ziegenbalg and Henry Plutschau
- 1706 Irish-born Francis Makemie, who has been an itinerant Presbyterian missionary among the colonists of America since 1683, is finally able to organize the first American presbytery
- 1707 Maillard de Tournon makes public, in Nanjing, the Vatican decisions on rites, including the stipulations against the veneration of ancestors and of Confucius. Clergy who do not conform are to be excommunicated. Emperor Kangxi is furious. To him, the Pope is a foreign sovereign who has no right to interfere in Chinese affairs; Italian Capuchin missionaries reach Kathmandu in Nepal
- 1708 Jesuit missionary Giovanni Battista Sidotti is arrested in Japan. He is taken to Edo (now called Tokyo) to be interrogated by Arai Hakuseki
- 1709 Experience Mayhew, missionary to the Martha's Vineyard Indians, translates the Psalms and the Gospel of John into the Massachusett language. It will be a work considered second only to John Eliot's Indian Bible in terms of significant Indian-language translations in colonial New England
- 1710 German Bible Society founded by Count Canstein
- 1711 Jesuit Eusebio Kino, missionary explorer in southern Arizona and northern Sonora, dies suddenly in northern Mexico. Kino, who has been called "the cowboy missionary," had fought against the exploitation of Indians in Mexican silver mines.
- 1712 Using a press sent by The Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, the Tranquebar Mission in India begins printing books in the Portuguese language
- 1713 Jesuit Ippolito Desideri goes to Tibet as a missionary
- 1714 New Testament translated into Tamil (India); a missionary training college is established in Copenhagen
- 1715 Eastern Orthodox Church missionary outreach is renewed in Manchuria and Northern China
- 1716 The establishment of the Alamo Mission in San Antonio is authorized by the viceroy of Mexico. The mission was to be an educational center for Native Americans who converted to Christianity.
- 1717 Chen Mao writes to the Chinese Emperor about his concerns over Catholic missionaries and Western traders. He urgently requested an all-out prohibition of Catholic missionaries in the Qing provinces.
- 1718 Bartholomew Ziegenbalg constructs a church building in India that is still in use today
- 1719 Isaac Watts writes missionary hymn "Jesus Shall Reign Where'er the Sun"
- 1720 Missionary Johann Ernst Gruendler dies in India. He had arrived there in 1709 with the sponsorship of the Danish Mission Society
- 1721 Mission San Juan Bautista Malibat in Baja California is abandoned due to the hostility of the Cochimies Indians, as well as to the decimation of the local population by epidemics and a water shortage
- 1722 Hans Egede goes to Greenland
- 1723 Robert Millar publishes A History of the Propagation of Christianity and the Overthrow of Paganism
- 1724 Yongzheng Emperor bans missionary activities outside the Beijing area
- 1725 Knud Leem arrives as a missionary to the Sami people of Finnmark (Norwegian Arctic)
- 1726 John Wright, a Quaker missionary to the Native Americans, settles in southeastern Pennsylvania
- 1728 Institutum Judaicum founded in Halle by Francke as first Protestant mission center for Jewish evangelism
- 1729 Roman Catholic missionary Du Poisson becomes the first victim in the Natchez massacre. On his way to New Orleans, he had been asked to stop and say Mass at the Natchez post. He was killed in front of the altar
- 1730 Lombard, French missionary, founds a Christian village with over 600 Indians at the mouth of Kuru river in French Guiana. A Jesuit, Lombard has been called the most successful of all missionaries in converting the Indians of French Guiana
- 1731 A missionary movement is born when Count Nicolaus Ludwig Zinzendorf attends the coronation of King Christian VI of Denmark. For the first time, he met a non-European who talked about only recently hearing the name of Christ. By the following year, the movement with which Zinzendorf was associated, the Moravians, would launch missionary outreach in the Caribbean.
- 1732 Alphonsus Liguori founds the Roman Catholic religious order known as the Redemptorist Fathers with the purpose of doing missionary work among rural people
- 1733 Moravians go to Greenland
- 1734 A missionary convinces a Groton, Connecticut church to lend its building to the Mashantucket Pequot Tribe for Christian worship services.

- 1735 John Wesley goes to Indians in Georgia as missionary with the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts
- 1736 Anti-Christian edicts in China; Moravian missionaries at work among Nenets people of Arkhangelsk
- 1737 Rev. Pugh, a missionary in Pennsylvania with The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, writes home to London to say that he had begun ministering to blacks. He noted that the masters of the slaves were prejudiced against them becoming Christian.
- 1738 Moravian missionary George Schmidt settles in Baviaan Kloof (Kloof of the Baboons) in the Riviersonderend Valley of South Africa. He begins working with the Khoikhoi people, who were practically on the threshold of extinction
- 1739 The first missionary to the Mahican (Mohegan) Indians, John Sergeant, builds a home in Stockbridge, Massachusetts that is today a museum.
- 1740 Moravian David Zeisberger starts work among Creek people of Georgia
- 1741 Dutch missionaries start building Christ Church building in Malacca Town, Malaysia. It will take 12 years to complete.
- 1742 Moravian Leader Count Zinzendorf visits Shekomeko, New York and baptizes six Indians
- 1743 David Brainerd starts ministry to North American Indians
- 1744 Thomas Thompson resigns his position as dean at the University of Cambridge to become a missionary. He was sent by the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts to New Jersey. Taking a special interest in the slave population there, he would later request to begin mission work in Africa. In 1751, Thompson would become the first S.P.G. missionary to the Gold Coast (modern-day Ghana).
- 1745 One day in late December, David Brainerd, missionary to Native Americans, writes in his journal: "After public worship was over, I went to my house, proposing to preach again after a short season of intermission. But they soon came in one after another; with tears in their eyes, to know, what they should do to be saved. . . . It was an amazing season of power among them, and seemed as if God had bowed the heavens and come down ... and that God was about to convert the whole world."
- 1746 From Boston, Massachussets a call is issued to the Christians of the New World to enter into a seven-year "Concert of Prayer" for missionary work
- 1747 Jonathan Edwards appeals for prayer for world missions; birth of Thomas Coke, the "Father of Methodist Missions"
- 1748 Roman Catholic Pedro Sanz and the four other missionaries are executed, together with
- 14 Chinese Christians. Prior to his death, Sanz reportedly converted some of his prison guards to Christianity.
- 1749 Spanish Franciscan priest Junipero Serra (1713-1784) arrives in Mexico as a missionary. In 1767 he would go
 north to what is now California, zealously converting native Americans.
- 1750 Jonathan Edwards, preacher of the First Great Awakening, having been banished from his church at Northampton, Massachusetts goes as a missionary to the nearby Housatonic Indians. Christian Frederic Schwartz goes to India with Danish-Halle Mission
- 1751 Samuel Cooke arrives in New Jersey as a missionary for the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts
- 1752 Thomas Thompson, first Anglican missionary to Africa, arrives in the Gold Coast (now Ghana)
- 1753 Searchers in Labrador looking for Moravian Johann Christian Erhardt finds the body of one of his traveling companions. The disappearance of Erhardt and six companions had led to temporary abandonment of Moravian missionary initiatives in Labrador.
- 1754 Moravian John Ettwein arrives in America from Germany as a missionary. Preaching to Native Americans and establishing missions, Ettwein will travel as far south as Georgia. Eventually, he will become head of the Moravian church in what is now the United States.
- 1755 The Mahican Indian settlement at Gnadenhutten, Pa. is attacked and destroyed. Moravian missionary Johann Jacob Schmick who pastors a group of Indian converts, will remain with the Mahicans through exile and captivity despite almost constant threats from white neighbors. Schmick will join his Indian congregation as they seek refuge in Bethlehem, follow them as captives to Philadelphia, and remain with them after they settle in Wyalusing, Pennsylvania.
- 1756 Civil unrest forces Gideon Halley away from his missionary work among the Six Nations on the Susquehanna River where he has been working for four years under the supervision of Jonathan Edwards with an appointment from the Society for Propagating the Gospel among the Indians.
- 1757 Lutherans reportedly begin ministering to Blacks in the Caribbean
- 1758 John Wesley baptizes two African-American slaves, thus breaking the skin color barrier for Methodist societies

- 1759 Native American Samson Occom, direct descendant of the great Mahican chief Uncas, is ordained by the Presbyterians. Despite poor eyesight, Occom became the first American Indian to publish works in English. These included sermons, hymns and a short autobiography.
- 1760 Adam Voelker and Christian Butler arrive in Tranquebar as the first Moravian missionaries to India
- 1761 The first Moravian missionary in Ohio, Frederick Post, settles on the north side of the Muskingum in what is now Bethlehem township
- 1762 Moravian Missionary John Heckewelder confers with Koquethagacton ("White Eyes") at the mouth of the Beaver River (Pennsylvania)
- 1763 The Presbyterian Synod of New York orders that a collection for missions be taken. In
- 1767 the Synod will ask that this collection be done annually.
- 1764 The Moravians make a decision to expand and begin publicizing their missionary activity, particular in the British colonies; Moravian Jens Haven makes the first of three exploratory missionary journeys to Greenland
- 1765 Suriname Governor General Crommelin convinces three Moravian missionaries to work near the head waters
 of the Gran Rio. They settle among the Saramaka near the Senthea Creek in Granman Abini's village where they are
 received with mixed feelings.
- 1766 Philip Quaque, a Fetu youth from the Cape Coast area of Ghana who spent twelve years studying in England, returns to Africa. Supported as a missionary by the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, Quaque is first non-European ordained priest in the Church of England
- 1767 Spain expels the Jesuits from Spanish colonies in the New World
- 1768 Five United Brethren missionaries from Germany, invited by the Danish Guinea Company, arrive in the Gold Coast (now Ghana), to teach in the Cape Coast Castle schools
- 1769 Junípero Serra founds Mission San Diego de Alcalá, first of the 21 Alta California missions.
- 1770 John Marrant, a free black from New York City, begins ministering cross-culturally, preaching to the American Indians. By 1775 he had carried the gospel to the Cherokee and Creek Indians as well as to groups he called the Catawar and Housaw peoples.
- 1771 Francis Asbury arrives in America; David Avery is ordained as missionary to the Oneida tribe
- 1772 After visiting Scilly Cove in Newfoundland, Canada, missionary James Balfour describes it as a "most Barbarous Lawless Place"
- 1773 Pope Clement XIV dissolves the Jesuit Order; two Dominican order missionaries beheaded in Vietnam
- 1774 Moravian missionaries Christoph Brasen and Gottfried Lehmann drown when their sloop sinks in a storm off Greenland
- 1775 John Crook is sent by Liverpool Methodists to the Isle of Man
- 1776 Cyril Vasilyevich Suchanov builds first church among Evenks of Transbaikal (or Dauria) in (Siberia); The first baptism of an Eskimo by a Lutheran pastor takes place in Labrador.
- 1777 Portuguese missionaries build a church at Hashnabad, Bangladesh
- 1778 Theodore Sladich is martyred while doing missionary work to counter Islamic influence in the western Balkans
- 1779 Charles Simeon is converted while a student at King's College, Cambridge. Twenty years later he helped found what became the Church Missionary Society.
- 1780 August Gottlieb Spangenberg writes An Account of the Manner in Which the Protestant Church of the Unitas Fratrum, or United Brethren, Preach the Gospel, and Carry On Their Missions Among the Heathen. Originally written in the German language, the book will be translated into English in 1788.
- 1781 In the midst of the American Revolutionary War, the British so feared Moravian missionary David Zeisberger and his influence among the Lenapi (also called Delaware) and other Native Americans that they arrested him and his assistant, John Heckewelder, charging them with treason,
- 1782 Freed slave George Lisle goes to Jamaica as missionary
- 1783 Moses Baker and George Gibbions, both former slaves, leave the U.S. to become missionaries in the West Indies
- 1784 Thomas Coke (Methodist) submits his Plan for the Society for the Establishment of Missions Among the Heathen. Methodist missions among the "heathen" will begin in 1786 when Coke, destined for Nova Scotia, is driven off course by a storm and lands at Antigua in the British West Indies.
- 1785 Joseph White's sermon titled "On the Duty of Attempting the Propagation of the Gospel among our Mahometan and Gentoo Subjects in India" is published in the second edition of his book Sermons Containing a View of Christianity and Mahometanism, in their History, their Evidence, and their Effects. The sermon was first preached at the University of Oxford.

- 1786 John Marrant, a free black from New York City, preaches to "a great number of Indians and white people" at Green's Harbor, Newfoundland. Marrant's cross-cultural ministry led him to take the Gospel to the Cherokee, Creek, Catawba (he called them the Catawar), and Housaw Indians.
- 1787 William Carey is ordained in England by the Particular Baptists and soon begins to urge that worldwide missions be undertaken
- 1788 Dutch missionaries begin preaching the Gospel among fishermen in Bangladesh
- 1789 The Jesuits, establish Georgetown University in present-day Washington, D.C., as the first US Catholic college
- 1790 Prince Williams, a freed slave from South Carolina, goes to Nassau, Bahamas, where he will start Bethel Meeting House
- 1791 One hundred and twenty Korean Christians are tortured and killed for their faith. It began when Paul Yun Ji-Chung, a noble who had become a Christian, decided not to bury his mother according to traditional Confucian custom. A ferocious persecution of Christians had been when this is reported to the authorities.
- 1792 William Carey writes Enquiry into the Obligations of Christians to use means for the conversion of the heathen and forms the Baptist Missionary Society to support him in establishing missionary work in India.
- 1793 Frontier missionary Stephen Badin
- 1794 Eight Russian Orthodox missionaries arrive in Alaska
- 1795 The London Missionary Society is formed to send missionaries to Tahiti
- 1796 Scottish and Glasgow Missionary Societies established; In India, Johann Philipp Fabricius finishes translating entire Bible into Tamil
- 1797 Netherlands Missionary Society formed; The Duff, carrying 37 lay and pastoral missionaries, drops anchor in Tahiti; Twenty-one-year-old William Pascoe Crook of the London Missionary Society is left alone at Vaitahu on the Pacific island of Tahuata. The first missionary to visit Hiva, he was not well received by the islanders.
- 1798 The Missionary Society of Connecticut is organized by the Congregationalists to take the gospel to the "heathen lands" of Vermont and Ohio. Its missionaries evangelized both European settlers and Native Americans.
- 1799 The Church Missionary Society (Church of England) is formed; John Vanderkemp, Dutch physician goes to Cape Colony, Africa; Religious Tract Society organized
- 1800 New York Missionary Society formed
- 1801 John Theodosius Van Der Kemp moves to Graaff Reinet to minister to the Khoikhoi (Hottentots) people. Earlier he had helped found the Netherlands Missionary Society. In 1798, he had gone to South Africa to work as a missionary among the Xhosa.
- 1802 Henry Martyn hears Charles Simeon speak of William Carey's work in India and resolves to become a missionary himself. He will sail for India in 1805
- 1803 The Massachusetts Baptist Missionary Society votes to publish a missionary magazine. Now known as The American Baptist, the periodical is the oldest religious magazine in the U.S.
- 1804 British and Foreign Bible Society formed; Church Missionary Society enters Sierra Leone
- 1805 The first Christian missionaries arrive in Namibia, brothers Abraham and Christian Albrecht from the London Missionary Society
- 1806 Haystack prayer meeting at Williams College; Andover Theological Seminary founded as a missionary training center; Protestant missionary work begins in earnest across southern Africa
- 1807 First Protestant missionary to China, Robert Morrison, begins work in Guangzhou (formerly called Canton)
- 1808 London Society for Promoting Christianity Among the Jews founded
- 1809 National Bible Society of Scotland organized
- 1810 The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions is formed
- 1811 English Wesleyans enter Sierra Leone
- 1812 First American foreign missionary, Adoniram Judson, arrives in Serampore and soon goes to Burma
- 1813 The Methodists form the Wesleyan Missionary Society.
- 1814 First recorded baptism of a Chinese convert, Cai Gao; American Baptist Foreign Mission Society formed;
 Netherlands Bible Society founded; four Native Americans from beyond the Rocky Mountains come east to St. Louis,
 Missouri seeking information on the "palefaces' religion"; first missionaries arrive in New Zealand led by Samuel
 Marsden
- 1815 American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions open work on Ceylon; Basel Missionary Society organized; Richmond African Missionary Society founded.
- 1816 Robert Moffat arrives in Africa; American Bible Society founded
- 1817 James Thompson begins distributing Bibles throughout Latin America

- 1818 Missionary work begins in Madagascar with the reluctant approval of the king
- 1819 John Scudder, missionary physician, joins the Ceylon Mission; Wesleyan Methodists start work in Madras, India; Reginald Heber writes words to missionary classic "From Greenland's Icy Mountains"
- 1820 Hiram Bingham goes to Hawaii (Sandwich Islands)
- 1821 African-American Lott Carey, a Baptist missionary, sails with 28 colleagues from Norfolk, VA to Sierra Leone; Protestant Episcopal Church mission board established.
- 1822 Paris Evangelical Missionary Society established
- 1823 Scottish Missionary Society workers arrive in Mumbai (known then as Bombay), India; Liang Fa, first Chinese Protestant evangelist, is ordained by Robert Morrison; Colonial and Continental Church Society formed; African American Betsy Stockton is sent by the American Board of Missions to Hawaii. She thus becomes the first single woman missionary in the history of modern missions.
- 1824 Berlin Mission Society formed
- 1825 George Boardman goes to Burma
- 1826 American Bible Society sends first shipment of Bibles to Mexico
- 1827 Missionary Lancelot Threlkeld reports in The Monitor that he was "advancing rapidly" in his efforts to disseminate Holy Scripture among Indigenous Australians of the Hunter and Shoalhaven Rivers.
- 1828 Basel Mission begins work in the Christiansborg area of Accra, Ghana; Karl Gutzlaff of the Netherlands Missionary Society lands in Bangkok, Thailand; Rhenish Missionary Association formed
- 1829 George Mueller, a native of Prussia, goes to England as a missionary to the Jews
- 1830 Church of Scotland missionary Alexander Duff arrives in Kolkata (formerly Calcutta); William Swan, missionary
 to Siberia, writes Letters on Missions, the first Protestant comprehensive treatment of the theory and practice of
 missions; Baptism of Taufa'ahau Tupou, King of Tonga, by a western missionary
- 1831 American Congregational missionaries arrive in Thailand, withdrawing in 1849 without a single convert; Presbyterian Church mission board established; Trinitarian Bible Society formed
- 1832 Teava, former cannibal and pioneer Pacific Islander missionary, is commissioned by John Williams to work on the Samoan island of Manono
- 1833 Baptist work in Thailand begins with John Taylor Jones; American Methodist missionary Melville Box arrives in Liberia; Free Will Baptist Foreign Missionary Society begins work in India
- 1834 American Presbyterian Mission opens work in India in the Punjab
- 1835 Rhenish Missionary Society begins work among the Dayaks on Borneo (Indonesia); Daniel Wilson, Bishop of Calcutta calls India's caste system "a cancer."
- 1836 Plymouth Brethren begin work in Madras, India; George Müller begins his work with orphans in Bristol, England; Gossner Mission formed; Leipzig Mission Society established; Colonial Missionary Society formed; The Providence Missionary Baptist District Association is formed, one of at least six national organizations among African American Baptists whose sole objective was missionary work in Africa.
- 1837 Evangelical Lutheran Church mission board established; First translation of Bible into Japanese (actual translation work done in Singapore)
- 1838 Church of Scotland Mission of Inquiry to the Jews; four Scottish ministers including Robert Murray M'Cheyne and Andrew Bonar journey to Palestine.
- 1839 Entire Bible is published in language of Tahiti; three French missionaries martyred in Korea; English Protestant missionaries murdered on Erromango (Vanuatu, South Pacific)
- 1840 David Livingstone is in present-day Malawi (Africa) with the London Missionary Society; American
 Presbyterians enter Thailand and labor for 18 years before seeing their first Thai convert; Irish Presbyterian
 Missionary Society formed; Welsh Calvinistic Methodist Missionary Society founded
- 1841 Edinburgh Medical Missionary Society formed; Welsh Methodists begin working among the Khasi people of India
- 1842 Gossner Mission Society begun in Berlin
- 1843 Baptist John Taylor Jones translates New Testament into the Thai language; British Society for the Propagation
 of the Gospel among the Jews formed
- 1844 German Ludwig Krapf begins work in Mombasa on the Kenya Coast; first Young Men's Christian Association (YMCA) formed by George Williams; George Smith and Thomas McClatchie sail for China as the first two CMS missionaries to that country
- 1845 Southern Baptist Convention mission organization founded
- 1846 The London Missionary Society establishes work on Niue, a South Pacific island which westerners had named the "savage island."

- 1847 Presbyterian William Burns goes to China, translates The Pilgrim's Progress into Chinese; Moses White sails to China as a Methodist medical missionary
- 1848 Charles Forman goes to Punjab; German missionaries Johannes Rebmann and Johann Ludwig Krapf arrive at Kilimanjaro. Initially, their story of a snow-covered peak near the equator was scoffed at.
- 1849 Just weeks after arriving on the Melanesian island of Aneityum (or Anatom), missionary John Geddie wrote in his journal: "In the darkness, degradation, pollution and misery that surrounds me, I will look forward in the vision of faith to the time when some of these poor islanders will unite in the triumphant song of ransomed souls, 'Unto Him that loved us, and washed us from our sins in His own blood."
- 1850 On the occasion of Karl Gützlaff's visit to Europe, the Berlin Ladies Association for China is established in conjunction with the Berlin Missionary Association for China. Work in China will commence in 1851 with the arrival of Hermandine Neumann in Hong Kong.
- 1851 Allen Gardiner and six missionary colleagues die of exposure and starvation at Patagonia on the southern tip of South America when a re-supply ship from England arrives six months late
- 1852 Zenana (women) and Medical Missionary Fellowship formed in England to send out single women missionaries
- 1853- The Hermannsburg Missionary Society, founded in 1849 by Louis Harms, has finished training its first group of young missionaries. They are sent to Africa on a ship (the Kandaze) which had been built entirely from donations.
- 1854 London Missionary Conference; New York Missionary Conference; Henry Venn, secretary of the Church Missionary Society, sets out ideal of self-governing, self-supporting and self-propagating churches; Hudson Taylor arrives in China
- 1855 Henry Steinhauer is ordained as a Canadian Methodist missionary to North American Indians and posted to Lac La Biche, Alberta. Steinhauer's missionary work had actually begun 15 years earlier in 1840 when he was assigned to Lac La Pluie to assist in translating, teaching and interpreting the Ojibwa and Cree languages.
- 1856 Presbyterians start work in Colombia with the arrival of Henry Pratt
- 1857 Bible translated into Tswana language; Board of Foreign Missions of Dutch Reformed Church set up
- 1858 John G. Paton begins work in New Hebrides; Elizabeth Freeman martyred in India; Basel Evangelical Missionary Society begins work in western Sumatra (Indonesia); Publication of David Livingstone's book Missionary Travels and Researches in South Africa
- 1859 Protestant missionaries arrive in Japan
- 1860 United Lutheran Church begins work in Liberia; Liverpool Missionary Conference; Cyrus Hamlin lays groundwork for the establishment of Robert College in Constantinople
- 1861 Protestant Stundism arises in the village of Osnova of modern-day Ukraine; Sarah Doremus founds the Women's Union Missionary Society; Episcopal Church opens work in Haiti; Rhenish Mission goes to Indonesia under Ludwig Nommensen
- 1862 Paris Evangelical Missionary Society opens work in Senegal
- 1863 Robert Moffat, missionary to Africa with the London Missionary Society, publishes his book Rivers of Water in a Dry Place, Being an Account of the Introduction of Christianity into South Africa, and of Mr. Moffat's Missionary Labours
- 1864 Baptists enter Argentina
- 1865 The China Inland Mission is founded by James Hudson Taylor; James Laidlaw Maxwell plants first viable church in Taiwan.
- 1866 Theodore Jonas Meyer (1819-1894), a converted Jew serving as a Presbyterian missionary in Italy, nurses those dying in a cholera epidemic until he himself falls prey to the disease. Barely surviving, he becomes a peacemaker between Catholics and Protestants; Robert Thomas, the first Protestant martyr in Korea, is beheaded giving a Bible to his executioner.
- 1867 Methodists start work in Argentina; Scripture Union established; Lars Skrefsrud and Hans Barreson begin working among the Santals of India.
- 1868 Robert Bruce goes to Iran, Canadian Baptist missionary Americus Timpany begins work among the Telugu
 people in India.
- 1869 The first Methodist women's missionary magazine, The Heathen Women's Friend, begins publication
- 1870 Clara Swain, the very first female missionary medical doctor, arrives at Bareilly, India.
- 1871 Henry Stanley finds David Livingstone in central Africa; George Leslie Mackay plants church in northern Taiwan.
- 1872 First All-India Missionary Conference with 136 participants
- 1873 Regions Beyond Missionary Union founded in London in connection with the East London Training Institute for Home and Foreign Missions; first Scripture portion (Gospel of Luke) translated into a language of the Philippines (Pangasinan); Lottie Moon appointed as missionary to China

- 1874 Lord Radstock's first visit to St. Petersburg and the beginning of an evangelical awakening among the St. Petersburg nobility; Albert Sturges initiates the Interior Micronesia Mission in the Mortlock Islands under the leadership of Micronesian students from Ohwa
- 1875 The Foreign Christian Missionary Society is organized with Isaac Errett as president. It served a network of churches within the Christian Church (Disciples of Christ) and Church of Christ movements.
- 1876 In September, a rusty ocean steamer arrives at a port on the Calabar River in what is now Nigeria. That part of Africa was then known as the White Man's Grave. The only woman on board that ship is 29-year-old Mary Slessor, a missionary.
- 1877 James Chalmers goes to New Guinea
- 1878 Mass movement to Christ in Ongole, India; Evangelical Association Missionary Society formed
- 1879 H. F. Reynolds enters the ministry. He became the missionary secretary of the new Church of the Nazarene in 1907.
- 1880 Woman missionary doctor Fanny Butler goes to India; Missionary periodical The Gospel in All Lands is launched by A. B. Simpson
- 1881 Methodist work in Lahore, Pakistan starts in the wake of revivals under Bishop William Taylor; North Africa Mission (now Arab World Ministries) founded on work of Edward Glenny in Algeria
- 1882 James Gilmour, London Missionary Society missionary to Mongolia, goes home to England for a furlough. During that time he published a book: Among the Mongols. It was so well-written that one critic wrote, "Robinson Crusoe has turned missionary, lived years in Mongolia, and wrote a book about it." Concerning the author, the critic said, "If ever on earth there lived a man who kept the law of Christ, and could give proof of it, and be absolutely unconscious that he was giving it to them, it is this man whom the Mongols called 'our Gilmour.'"
- 1883 Salvation Army enters West Pakistan; A.B. Simpson organizes The Missionary Union for the Evangelization of the World. The first classes of the Missionary Training College are held in New York City. Zaire Christian and Missionary Alliance mission field opens.
- 1884 David Torrance is sent by the Jewish Mission of the Free Church of Scotland as a medical missionary to Palestine
- 1885 Horace Underwood, Presbyterian missionary, and Henry Appenzellar, Methodist missionary, arrive in Korea; Scottish Ion Keith-Falconer goes to Aden on the Arabian peninsula; "Cambridge Seven" -- C. T. Studd, M. Beauchamp, W. W. Cassels, D. E. Hoste, S. P. Smith, A. T. Podhill-Turner, C. H. Polhill-Turner -- go to China as missionaries; Ugandan troops kill Anglican bishop James Hannigton and the Africans traveling with him.
- 1886 Student Volunteer Movement launched as 100 university and seminary students at Moody's conference grounds at Mount Hermon, Massachusetts, sign the Princeton Pledge which says: "I purpose, God willing, to become a foreign missionary."
- 1887 -Dr. William Cassidy, a Toronto medical doctor, was ordained as the Christian and Missionary Alliance's first missionary preacher. Unfortunately, en route to China, he died of smallpox. However, Cassidy's death has been called the "spark that ignited the Alliance missionary blaze."
- 1888 Jonathan Goforth sails to China; Student Volunteer Movement for foreign missions officially organized with John R. Mott as chairman and Robert Wilder as traveling secretary. The movement's motto, coined by Wilder, was: "The evangelization of the world in this generation"; Scripture Gift Mission (now Lifewords) founded
- 1889 Samuel Moffett sails from US for Korea, establishes Presbyterian Mission there; North Africa Mission enters Tripoli as first Protestant mission in Libya
- 1890 Central American Mission founded by C. I. Scofield, editor of the Scofield Reference Bible; The Scandinavian Alliance (now The Evangelical Alliance Mission) founded; Methodist Charles Gabriel writes missionary song "Send the Light"; John Livingston Nevius of China visits Korea to outline his strategy for missions: 1) Each believer should be a productive member of society and active in sharing his faith; 2) The church in Korea should be distinctly Korean and free of foreign control; 3) The leaders of the Korean church will be selected and trained from its members; 4) Church buildings will be built by Koreans with their own resources
- 1891 Samuel Zwemer goes to Arabia; Helen Chapman sails for the Congo (Zaire). She married a Danish missionary, William Rasmussen, whom she met during the voyage.
- 1892 Redcliffe Missionary Training College founded in Chiswick (London)
- 1893 Eleanor Chestnut goes to China as Presbyterian medical missionary; Sudan Interior Mission founded by Rowland Bingham, a graduate of Nyack College
- 1894 Soatanana Revival begins in Madagascar, lasting over 90 years
- 1895 Africa Inland Mission formed by Peter Cameron Scott; Japan Bible Society established; Roland Allen sent as missionary for the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts to its North China Mission.

- 1896 Ödön Scholtz founds the first Hungarian Lutheran foreign mission periodical Külmisszió
- 1897 Presbyterian Church (USA) begins work in Venezuela
- 1898 Theresa Huntington leaves her New England home for the Middle East. For seven years she will work as an
 American Board missionary in Elazig (Kharput) in the Ottoman Empire. Her letters home will be published in a book
 titled Great Need over the Water.
- 1899 James Rodgers arrives in Philippines with the Presbyterian Mission; Central American Mission enters Guatemala
- 1900 American Friends open work in Cuba; Ecumenical Missionary Conference in Carnegie Hall, New York (162 mission boards represented); 189 missionaries and their children killed in Boxer Rebellion in China; South African Andrew Murray writes The Key to the Missionary Problem in which he challenges the church to hold weeks of prayer for the world
- 1901 Nazarene John Diaz goes to Cape Verde Islands; Maude Cary sails for Morocco; Disciples of Christ open work in northern Luzon (Philippines); Oriental Missionary Society founded by Charles Cowman (his wife is the compiler of popular devotional book Streams in the Desert); Missionary James Chalmers killed and eaten by cannibals in Papua New Guinea
- 1902 Swiss members of the Plymouth Brethren Christian Missions in Many Lands (CMML) enter Laos; California Yearly Meeting of Friends opens work in Guatemala
- 1903 Church of the Nazarene enters Mexico
- 1904 Premillennialist theologian W.E. Blackstone begins teaching that the world has already been evangelized, citing Acts 2:5, 8:4, Mark 16:20 and Colossians 1:23
- 1905 Gunnerius Tollefsen is converted at a Salvation Army meeting under the preaching of Samuel Logan Brengle.
 Later he would become a missionary to the Belgian Congo and then first mission secretary of the Norwegian Pentecostal movement.
- 1906 The Evangelical Alliance Mission (TEAM) opens work in Venezuela with T. J. Bach and John Christiansen
- 1907 Harmon Schmelzenbach sails for Africa; Presbyterians and Methodists open Union Theological Seminary in Manila, Philippines; Bolivian Indian Mission founded by George Allen
- 1908 Gospel Missionary Union opens work in Colombia with Charles Chapman and John Funk; Assemblies of God enter Rome and southern Italy
- 1909 Pentecostal movement organized in Chile; Nazarenes enter Argentina
- 1910 C.T. Studd establishes Heart of Africa Mission (now called WEC International); Edinburgh Missionary
 Conference held in Scotland, presided over by John Mott, beginning modern ecumenical cooperation in missions
- 1911 Christian & Missionary Alliance enters Vietnam
- 1912 Conference of British Missionary Societies formed
- 1913 African-American Eliza George sails from New York for Liberia
- 1914 Large-scale revival movement in Uganda
- 1915 Founded in 1913 in Nanjing, China as a women's Christian college, Ginling College officially opens with eight students and six teachers. It was supported by four missions: the Northern Baptists, the Christian Church (Disciples of Christ), the Methodists, and the Presbyterians.
- 1916 Rhenish missionaries are forced to leave Ondjiva in southern Angola under pressure from the Portuguese
 authorities and Chief Mandume of the Kwanyama. By then, four congregations existed with a confessing membership
 of 800.
- 1917 Interdenominational Foreign Mission Association (IFMA) founded
- 1918 James L. Barton, head of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, asked missionaries who
 had served in the Ottoman Empire for detailed reports of the horrors they had witnessed of the Armenian Genocide
- 1919 The Union Version of Chinese Bible translation is published; Nazarenes enter South Africa
- 1920 Baptist Mid-Missions formed; Church of the Nazarene enters Syria
- 1921 Founding of International Missionary Council (IMC); Norwegian Mission Council formed
- 1922 Nazarenes enter Mozambique
- 1923 Scottish missionaries begin work in British Togoland
- 1924 Bible Churchman's Missionary Society opens work in Upper Burma; Baptist Mid-Missions begins work in Venezuela
- 1925 E. Stanley Jones, Methodist missionary to India, writes The Christ of the Indian Road
- 1926 Dawson Trotman, founder of the Navigators, is converted through Bible verses he had memorized
- 1927 Near East Christian Council established

- 1928 Cuba Bible Institute (West Indies Mission) opens; Jerusalem Conference of IMC
- 1929 Christian & Missionary Alliance enters East Borneo (Indonesia)
- 1930 Christian & Missionary Alliance starts work among Baouli tribe in the Côte d'Ivoire
- 1931 HCJB radio station started in Quito, Ecuador by Clarence Jones; Baptist Mid-Missions enters Liberia
- 1932 Assemblies of God open mission work in Colombia; Laymen's Missionary Inquiry report published
- 1933 Gladys Aylward (subject of movie "The Inn of the Sixth Happiness") arrives in China
- 1934 William Cameron Townsend begins the Summer Institute of Linguistics
- 1935 Frank C. Laubach, American missionary to the Philippines, perfects the "Each one teach one" literacy program, which has been used worldwide to teach 60 million people to read.
- 1936 With the outbreak of civil war in Spain, missionaries are forced to leave that country.
- 1937 After expulsion of missionaries from Ethiopia by Italian invaders, widespread revival erupts among Protestant (SIM) churches in south
- 1938 West Indies Mission enters Dominican Republic; Church Missionary Society forced out of Egypt; Madras World Missionary Conference held; Dr. Orpha Speicher oversees construction of Reynolds Memorial Hospital in central India
- 1939 A sick missionary, Joy Ridderhof, makes a recording of gospel songs and a message and sends it into the mountains of Honduras. It is the beginning of Gospel Recordings
- 1940 Marianna Slocum begins translation work in Mexico; Military police in Japan arrest the executive officers of the Salvation Army
- 1941 The steamship Zamzam, sailing from New York with 140 missionaries bound for various mission fields in Africa, is sunk by the Germans. All the missionary passengers would be saved.
- 1942 William Cameron Townsend founds Wycliffe Bible Translators; New Tribes mission founded with a vision to reach the tribal peoples of Bolivia
- 1943 World Gospel Mission (National Holiness Missionary Society) enters Honduras; 5 missionaries with New Tribes
 Mission martyred; Nazarenes enter Virgin Islands; 11 American Baptist missionaries beheaded in the Philippines by
 Japanese soldiers
- 1944 Missionaries return to Suki, Papua New Guinea after withdrawal of the Japanese military
- 1945 Mission Aviation Fellowship formed; Far East Broadcasting Company (FEBC) founded; Evangelical Foreign
 Missions Association formed by denominational mission boards; Nazarenes enter Australia, Bolivia, Guyana and the
 Philippines
- 1946 First Inter-Varsity missionary convention (now called "Urbana"); United Bible Societies formed;
- 1947 Conservative Baptist Foreign Mission Society begins work among the Senufo people in the Côte d'Ivoire
- 1948 Alfredo del Rosso merges his Italian Holiness Mission with the Church of the Nazarene, thus opening Nazarene
 work on the European continent; Don Owens opens work for the Church of the Nazarene in Korea; Southern Baptist
 Convention adopts program calling for the tripling of the number of missionaries (achieved by 1964)
- 1949 Southern Baptist Mission board opens work in Venezuela
- 1950 Paul Orjala arrives in Haiti; radio station 4VEH, owned by East and West Indies Bible Mission, starts broadcasting from near Cap Haitien, Haiti
- 1951 World Evangelical Alliance organized; Bill and Vonette Bright create Campus Crusade for Christ at UCLA
- 1952 Church of the Nazarene enters New Zealand; Trans World Radio founded
- 1953 Walter Trobisch, who would publish I loved a girl in 1962, begins pioneer missionary work in northern Cameroon; Nazarenes enter Panama
- 1954 Mennonite Board of Missions and Charities opens work in Cuba; Argentina Revival breaks out during Tommy Hicks crusade
- 1955 Donald McGavran publishes Bridges of God; Dutch missionary "Brother Andrew" makes first of many Bible smuggling trips into Communist Eastern Europe; Sydney and Wanda Knox go to Papua New Guinea as Nazarene missionaries
- 1956 U.S. missionaries Jim Elliot, Peter Fleming, Edward McCully, Nate Saint, and Roger Youderian die at the hands
 of the Huaorani on the Curaray River in Ecuador; Assemblies of God open work in Senegal
- 1957 Nazarenes enter Malawi
- 1958 Rochunga Pudaite completes translation of Bible into Hmar language (India) and was appointed the leader of the Indo-Burma Pioneer Mission; Nazarenes enter Brazil and Germany
- 1959 Radio Lumiere founded in Haiti by West Indies Mission (now World Team); Josephine Makil becomes the first African-American to join Wycliffe Bible Translators.

- 1960 Kenneth Strachan starts Evangelism-in-Depth in Central America; 18,000 people in Morocco reply to newspaper ad by Gospel Missionary Union offering free correspondence course on Christianity; Loren Cunningham founds Youth with a Mission
- 1961 Nazarenes enter Zambia
- 1962 Don Richardson goes to Sawi tribe in Papua New Guinea; Operation Mobilisation founded in Mexico by George Verwer
- 1963 Theological Education by Extension movement launched in Guatemala by Ralph Winter and James Emery
- 1964 In separate incidents, rebels in the Congo kill missionaries Paul Carlson and Irene Ferrel as well as brutalizing missionary doctor Helen Roseveare; Carlson is featured on December 4 TIME magazine cover; Hans von Staden of the Dorothea Mission proposes to Patrick Johnstone that he write the book now titled Operation World.
- 1965 Evangelist Juliet Ndzimandze is ordained in Swaziland, the first woman in Africa to be ordained by the Church
 of the Nazarene
- 1966 Red Guards destroy churches in China; Berlin Congress on Evangelism; Missionaries expelled from Burma; God's Smuggler published
- 1967 A million Christians are killed in Biafra civil war; Church of the Nazarene enters the Netherlands
- 1968 Wu Yung and others form the Chinese Missions Overseas in order to send out missionaries from Taiwan to do cross-cultural ministry
- 1969 OMF International begins "industrial evangelism" to Taiwan's factory workers
- 1970 Frankfurt Declaration on Mission; Operation Mobilisation launches Logos ship
- 1971 Gustavo Gutierrez publishes A Theology of Liberation
- 1972 American Society of Missiology founded with journal Missiology; Nazarenes enter Ecuador and St. Lucia
- 1973 Church of the Nazarene enters Argentina, Indonesia, Namibia, and Portugal; first All-Asa Mission Consultation convenes in Seoul, Korea with 25 delegates from 14 countries; founding of American Society of Missiology
- 1974 Missiologist Ralph Winter talks about "hidden" or unreached peoples at Lausanne Congress of World Evangelism. Lausanne Covenant is written and ratified; Guatemala Las Verapaces becomes first "regular" Nazarene district on a mission field
- 1975 Missionaries Armand Doll and Hugh Friberg imprisoned in Mozambique after communist takeover of government
- 1976 U.S. Center for World Mission founded in Pasadena, California; 1600 Chinese assemble in Hong Kong for the Chinese Congress on World Evangelization; Islamic World Congress calls for withdrawal of Christian missionaries; Peace Child appears in Reader's Digest.
- 1977 Evangelical Fellowship of India sponsors the All-India Congress on Mission and Evangelization
- 1978 Nazarenes enter Switzerland; LCWE Consultation on Gospel and Culture in Willowbank, Bermuda
- 1979 Production of JESUS film commissioned by Bill Bright of Campus Crusade for Christ; PIONEERS is founded, the
 first missionary agency with a sole focus on the "unreached people groups" paradigm
- 1980 Philippine Congress on Discipling a Whole Nation; Lausanne Congress on World Evangelism Conference in Pattaya
- 1981 Colombian terrorists kidnap and kill Wycliffe Bible Translator Chet Bitterman; Project Pearl: one million Bibles are delivered in a single night to thousands of waiting believers in China
- 1982 Third World Theologians Consultation in Seoul; story on "The New Missionary" makes December 27 cover of TIME magazine; Andes Evangelical Mission (formerly Bolivian Indian Mission) merges into SIM (formerly Sudan Interior Mission)
- 1983 Nazarenes start work on St. Kitts-Nevis
- 1984 Founding of STEM (Short Term Evangelical Mission teams) ministry by Roger Petersen signals the rising importance of Short-term missions groups
- 1985 Nazarenes start work in Cyprus
- 1986 Entire Bible published in Haitian Creole language; Nazarenes enter Egypt and Guadeloupe
- 1987 Second International Conference on Missionary Kids (MKs) held in Quito, Ecuador
- 1988 Wycliffe Bible Translators complete their 300th New Testament translation (Cotabato Manobo language of the Philippines); Nazarenes start work in French Guiana, Senegal, and Uganda
- 1989 Adventures In Missions (AIM) Short-term missions agency founded by Seth Barnes; Lausanne II, a world
 missions conference; concept of 10/40 Window emerges; "Ee-Taow" video released by New Tribes Mission;
 Nazarenes enter Thailand
- 1990 Church of the Nazarene enters Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ghana, Liberia, Rwanda and Tanzania

- 1991 The Marxist government of Ethiopia is overthrown and missionaries are able to return to that country; Regions Beyond Missionary Union is dissolved
- 1992 Nazarenes start work in Angola, Bangladesh, Cambodia, Ethiopia, Romania, Russia, Solomon Islands and Ukraine
- 1993 Church of the Nazarene enters Albania, Eritrea, Lesotho, Madagascar
- 1994 Liibaan Ibraahim Hassan, a convert to Christianity in Somalia, is martyred by Islamic militants in the capital city of Mogadishu; Church of the Nazarene enters Bulgaria and St. Martin
- 1995 Nazarene missionary Don Cox abducted in Quito, Ecuador; Church of the Nazarene starts work in Fiji and Palau
- 1996 Nazarenes enter Hungary, Kazakhstan, Pakistan
- 1997 Nazarenes enter Burkina Faso and Sao Toma
- 1998 Nazarenes enter Benin, Nepal and Togo
- 1999 Trans World Radio goes on the air from Grigoriopol (Moldova) using a 1-million-watt AM transmitter; Veteran Australian missionary Graham Stewart Stains and his two sons are burned alive by Hindu extremists as they are sleeping in a car in eastern India.
- 2000 Militants detonate two bombs in a Christian church in Dushanbe, Tajikistan, killing seven persons and injuring 70 others.
- 2001 New Tribes Missionaries Martin and Gracie Burnham are kidnapped in the Philippines by Muslim terrorist group; Baptist missionary Roni Bowers and her infant daughter are killed when a Peruvian Air Force jet fires on their small float-plane. Though severely wounded in both legs, missionary pilot Kevin Donaldson landed the burning plane on the Amazon River; Six masked gunmen shoot up a church in Bahawalpur, Pakistan, killing 15 Pakistani Christians.
- 2002 Militants throw grenades into the Protestant International Church in Islamabad, Pakistan, during a church service. Five persons are killed and 46 are wounded
- 2003 Church of the Nazarene starts work on Réunion
- 2004 Four Southern Baptist missionaries are killed by gunman in Iraq
- 2006 Abdul Rahman, an Afghan Christian convert, is forced out of Afghanistan by local Muslim leaders, and he is
 exiled to Italy.